

Biotechnological strategies to increase the production of natural compounds by using plant *in vitro* cultures

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Department of Plant Biology

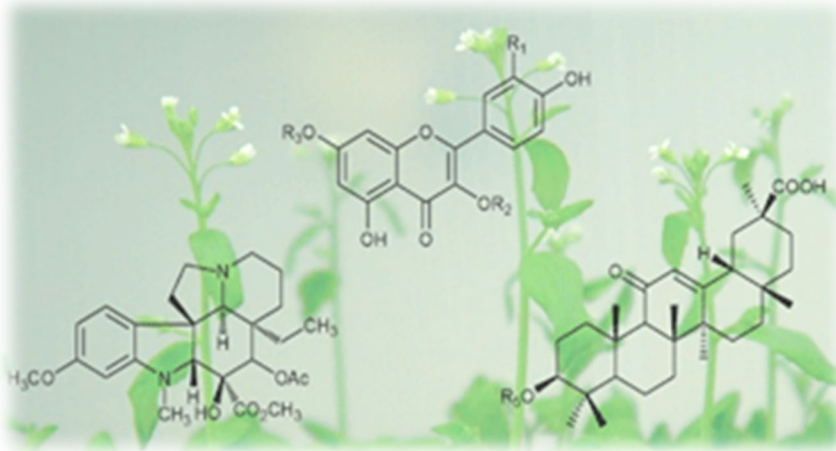
(Plant Physiology)

Faculty of Biology

University of Murcia

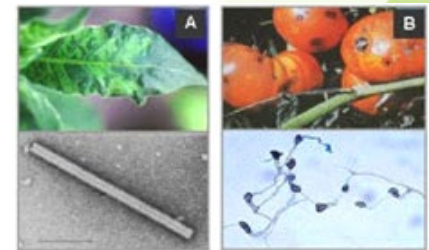
Spain

SECONDARY METABOLITES



- Small amounts (<1% DW)
- Their biosynthesis depends on:
 - Plant genetic constitution
 - It is restricted to:
 - Specific stages of plant development
 - specialized cells and stress of different nature

FUNCTIONS OF SECONDARY METABOLITES IN PLANTS



DEFENSE AGAINST BIOTIC AND ABIOTIC STRESS

SECONDARY METABOLITES

BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS

“Plant molecules that without being nutrients, have a beneficial effect on human health”



- Pharmaceutical industry
- Agrifood industry
- Cosmetic industry

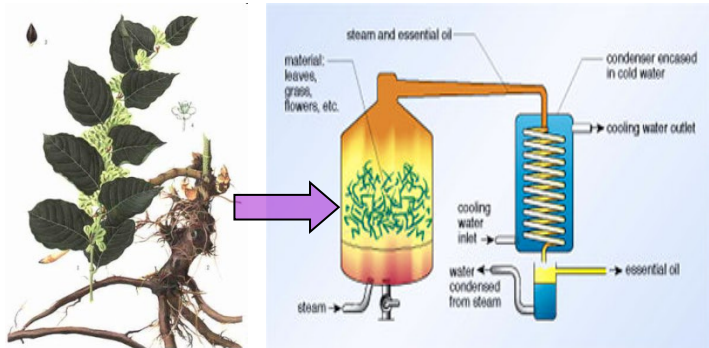


These compounds synthesized under biotic and abiotic stress by plants are considered as high added value products



Strategies to increase secondary metabolite production

STRATEGIES TO PRODUCE SECONDARY METABOLITES: PLANT RAW MATERIAL AND CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS



Polygonum cuspidatum

Plant seasonal nature
Compound heterogeneity
Plant extinction (wild plants)



Stereospecificity
Strict conditions
High costs

BIOTECHNOLOGICAL ALTERNATIVE: PLANT IN VITRO CULTURES

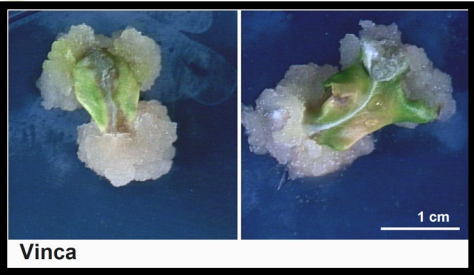


HOW IS POSSIBLE TO OBTAIN PLANT IN VITRO CULTURES AND KEEP THEM IN ENDLESS GROWTH?

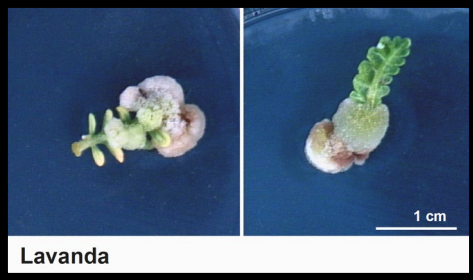


Cell culture

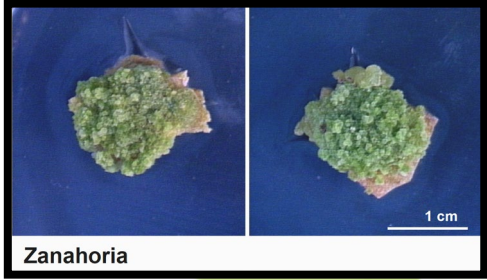
callus induction from explants



Vinca



Lavanda



Zanahoria

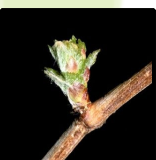
PLANT BIOMASS GENERATION AND ELICITATION TO INCREASE THE PRODUCTION OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS



**Plant biomass:
vitroplants and cell
cultures**

Vitroplants

in vitro germination



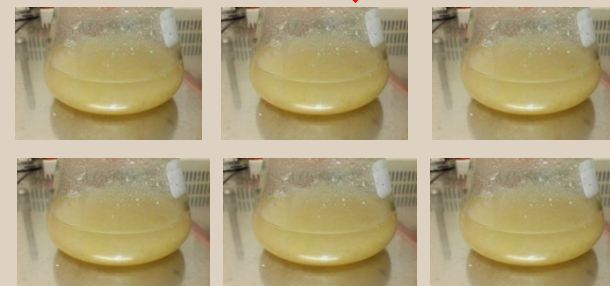
Apical bud or nodal segment



Cell cultures



Elicitation

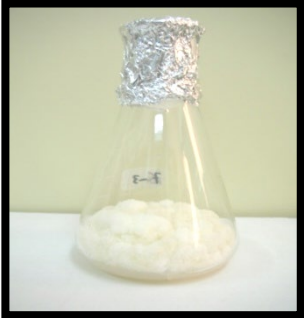


**Biomass
production**

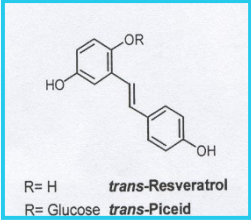


**Bioactive
compounds**

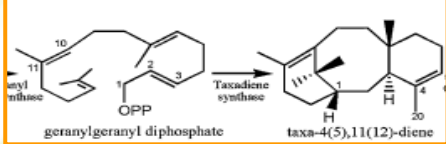
STRATEGIES TO INCREASE THE PRODUCTION OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS



ELICITATION



METABOLIC ENGINEERING



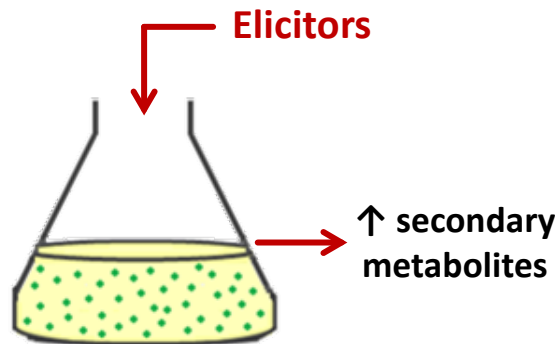
© Bristol Myers Squibb



ELICITATION AS A STRATEGY TO INCREASE THE PRODUCTION OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS

Elicitation:

is the induction of metabolite biosynthesis due to addition of elicitors



Elicitors:

molecules which introduced into a living cell system, at low concentrations, are capable of re-directing the metabolism, inducing the biosynthesis of a particular secondary metabolite

TECHNIQUES AND EQUIPMENTS FOR EXTRACTION, IDENTIFICATION AND QUANTIFICATION OF BIOACTIVE COMPOUNDS

LC-MS ESI/TOF



GC-MS



SPECTROPHOTOMETER



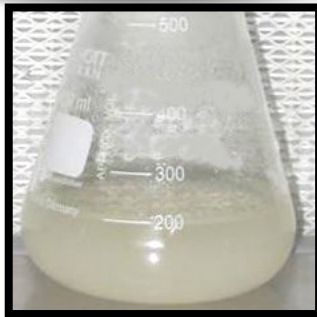
HPLC-DAD



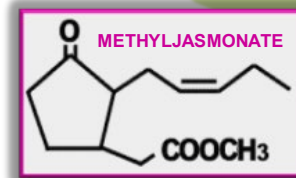
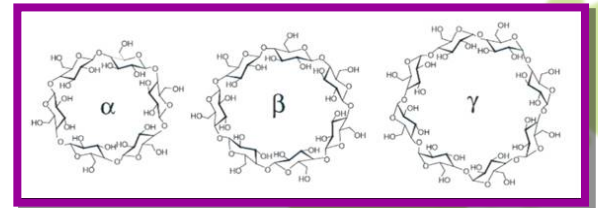
Case study: The production of *trans*-resveratrol in elicited grapevine cell cultures: patents WO2003062406A1 and WO2009106662A1

Elicitation with cyclodextrins (CDs) and/or methyljasmonate (MeJA)

grapevine cv Monastrell

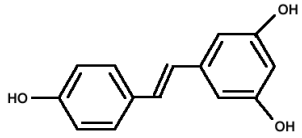


β -CDs, MeJA



Viniferins: stilbene unit: *trans*-resveratrol

BENEFICIAL EFFECTS OF RESVERATROL ON HEALTH



Cancer chemopreventive

Antioxidant

Anti-inflammatory

Protects from infection

Protects from ischemia

Cardioprotective

Prevents aging

Neuroprotective

Reduces obesity

Anti-viral

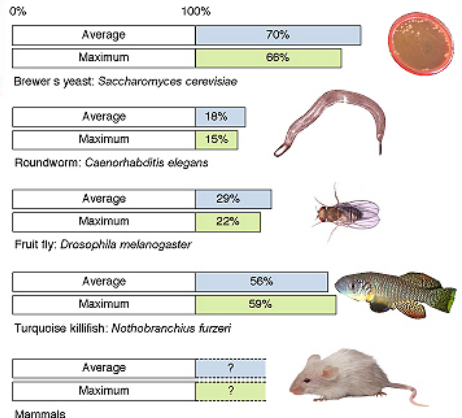
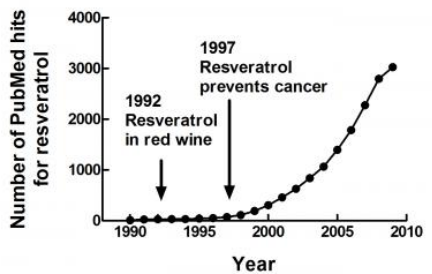
Preventing carcinogenesis

Obesity-related disorders

Beneficial effects on neurological system

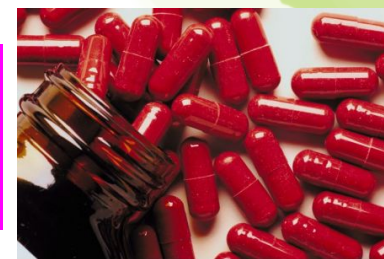
Age-related human diseases

Beneficial effects on cardiovascular system





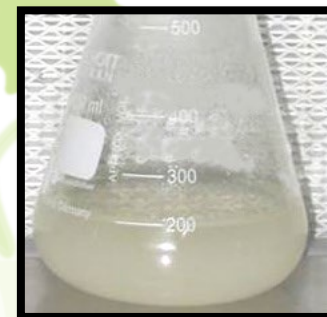
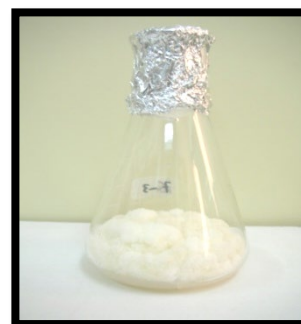
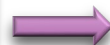
High value of RESVERATROL
High demand of its production
Great effort to produce it in high amounts



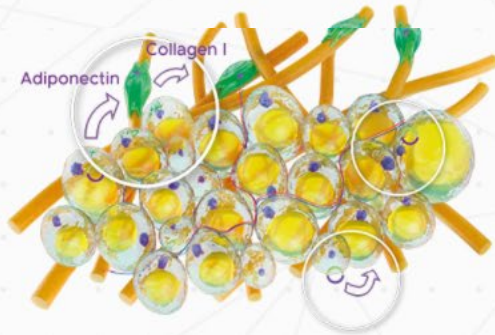
Development of new strategies to increase *trans*-resveratrol production using grapevine cell cultures



1990-now



Establishment of cell cultures from immature fruits of *Vitis vinifera* cv Monastrell



Rellenador de arrugas

Joybliss™

The joy of plumping

La felicidad se define como un estado inconmensurable de dicha absoluta. Todos tenemos nuestra propia **lista** de cosas que sabemos que nos harán felices y nos ayudara a conseguir el objetivo de convertirnos en una versión más sana y más radiante de nosotros mismos. Nosotros, los **buscadores de la felicidad**, perseguimos la dicha absoluta de manera constante



Ilumina tu estado de ánimo

Según los psicólogos, la rueda de la vida debe estar lo más llena posible para aportar equilibrio a tu vida y generar felicidad y, de esta forma, hacer que el viaje a través de ella transcurra con facilidad. Que tu piel ofrezca un aspecto fresco, joven y descansado también depende de que la rueda del relleno esté lo más completa posible.



Exhala la inflamación

Joybliss™ es un ingrediente activo verde que ayuda a completar la rueda del relleno. **Joybliss™** induce la diferenciación en el proceso de adipogénesis y previene el envejecimiento del tejido adiposo modulando su inflamación y aumentando el contenido de colágeno I en la hipodermis gracias a la comunicación entre los adipocitos y fibroblastos.



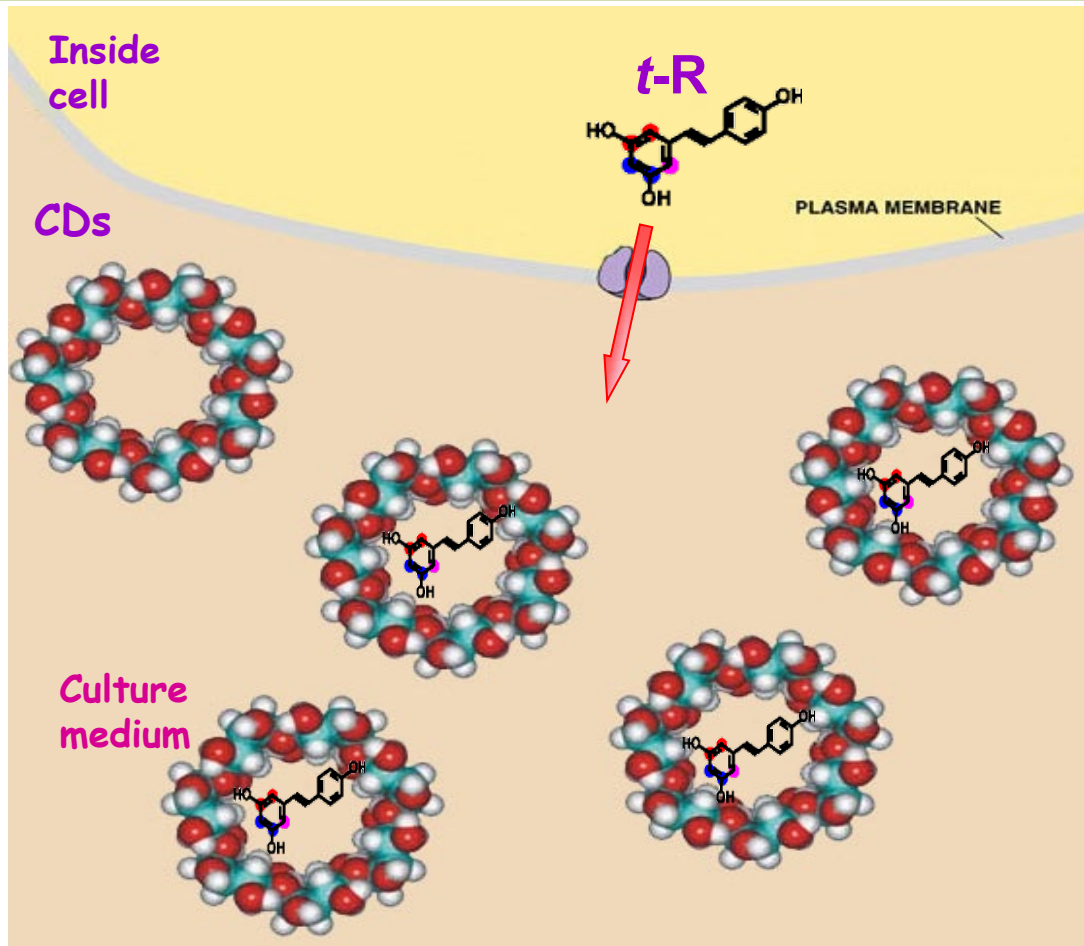
Crema tu propia felicidad

Joybliss™ reduce las patas de gallo y las arrugas del pliegue nasolabial como ingrediente de relleno, alivia el eritema y aporta luminosidad a la piel. **Joybliss™** también aumenta el estado de ánimo positivo y disminuye los marcadores vocales de estrés para ayudarte a llegar a la dicha absoluta.

Una vez que tu rueda del relleno está completa, tu piel se ve más joven y la alegría que sientes fluye a tu alrededor.



GRAPEVINE CELL CULTURES AND ELICITATION WITH CYCLODEXTRINS



The role of CDs as elicitors that trigger defense responses as the biosynthesis of *t*-R

CDs chemically resemble the alkyl-derived pectic oligosaccharides released from cell walls during fungal attack (Bru et al., 2006; J. Agric. Food Chem. 54:65).

We discovered a way to produce and enhance the levels of *trans*-resveratrol using grapevine cells as true factories!!!!

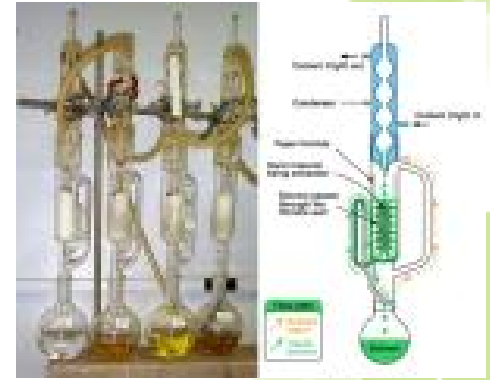
TRADITIONAL METHODS: EXTRACTION FROM CELLS



CALLUS



CELL CULTURES



**CELL
EXTRACTION**

**BIOMASS
PRODUCTION**

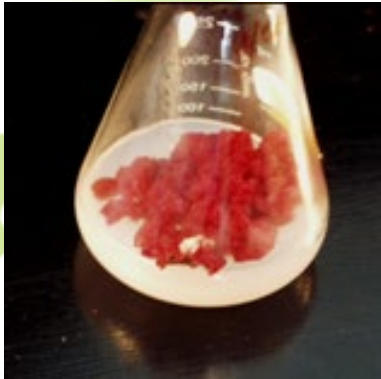
**YIELDS
1-50 mg/L**



**BIOACTIVE
EXTRACTS**



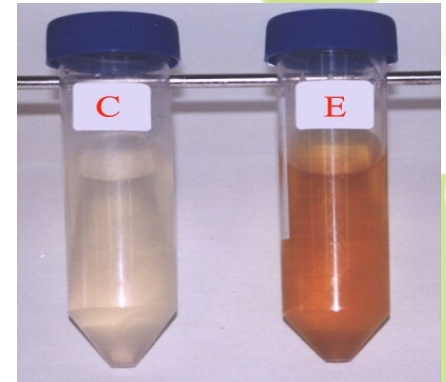
NEW INNOVATIVE PROCEDURE: EXTRACTION FROM CULTURE MEDIUM



CALLUS



CELL CULTURES

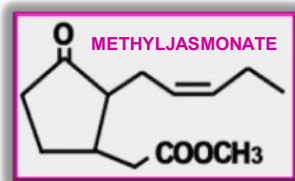
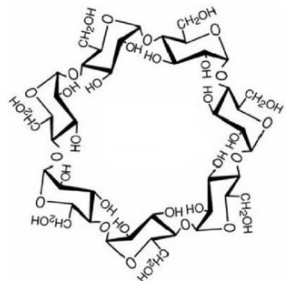


**CONTROL/ELICITED
CULTURE MEDIUM**

trans-resveratrol production

WO 2003062426A1 (300-1000 mg/L) (Cyclodextrins)

WO2009106662A1 (>3000 mg/L) (Cyclodextrins and methyljasmonate)

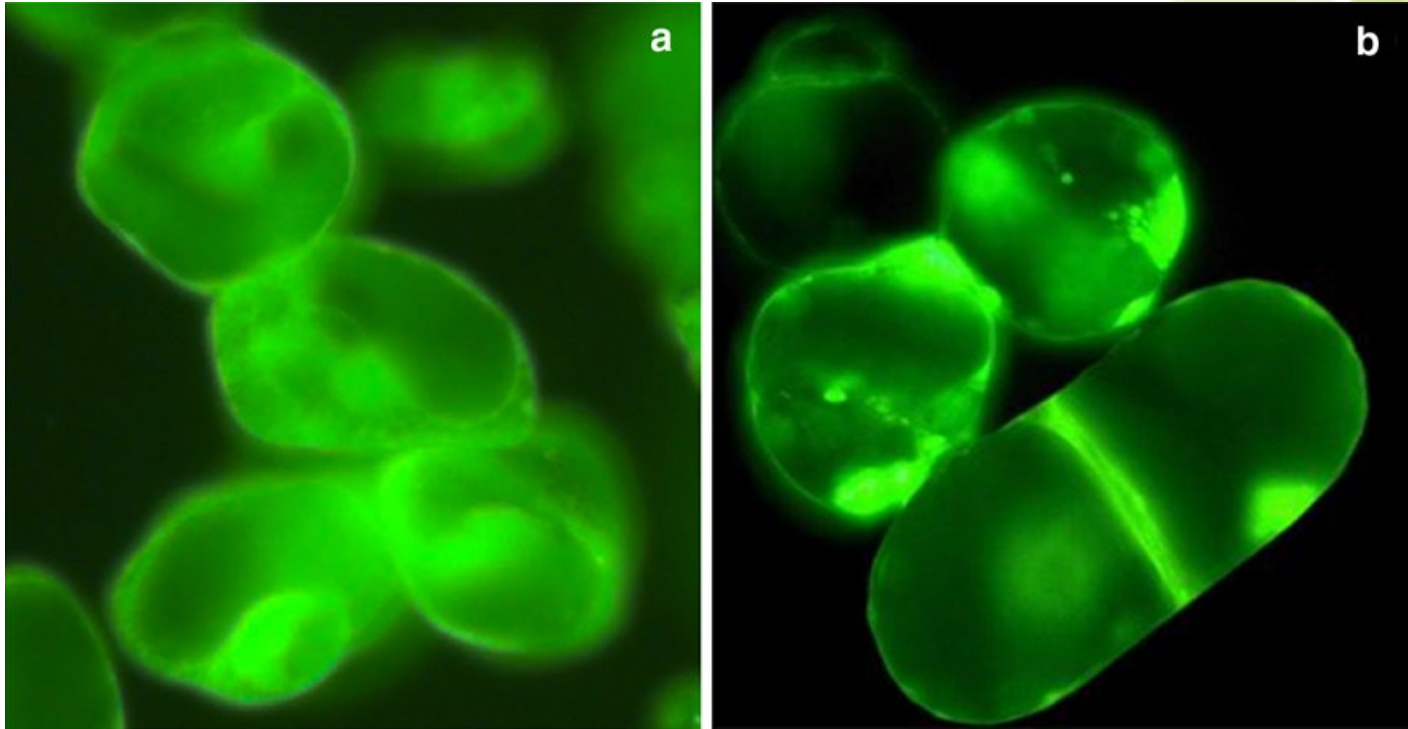


**OUR CULTURE
CONDITIONS**



**BIOACTIVE
EXTRACTS**

GRAPEVINE CELL VIABILITY AFTER 168 HOURS OF ELICITATION



The high levels of *t*-R accumulated in the culture medium had no toxic effect on the cells, allowing cell growth

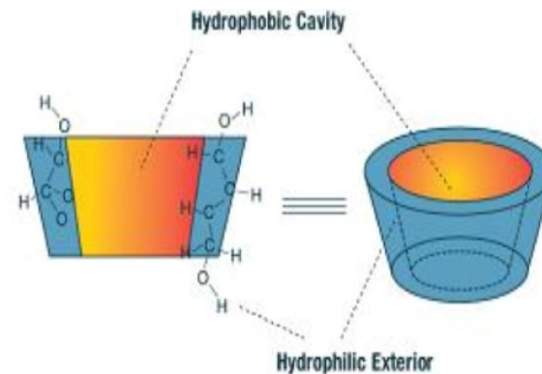
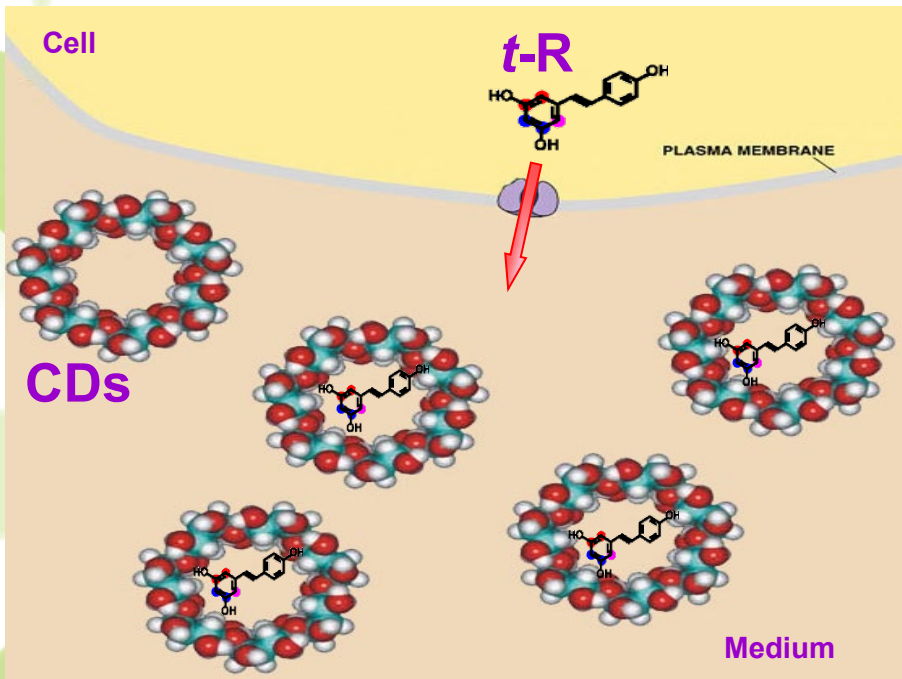
Belchí-Navarro et al. (2012) Plant Cell Rep 31:81–89

PHYSICO-CHEMICAL CYCLODEXTRIN PROPERTIES

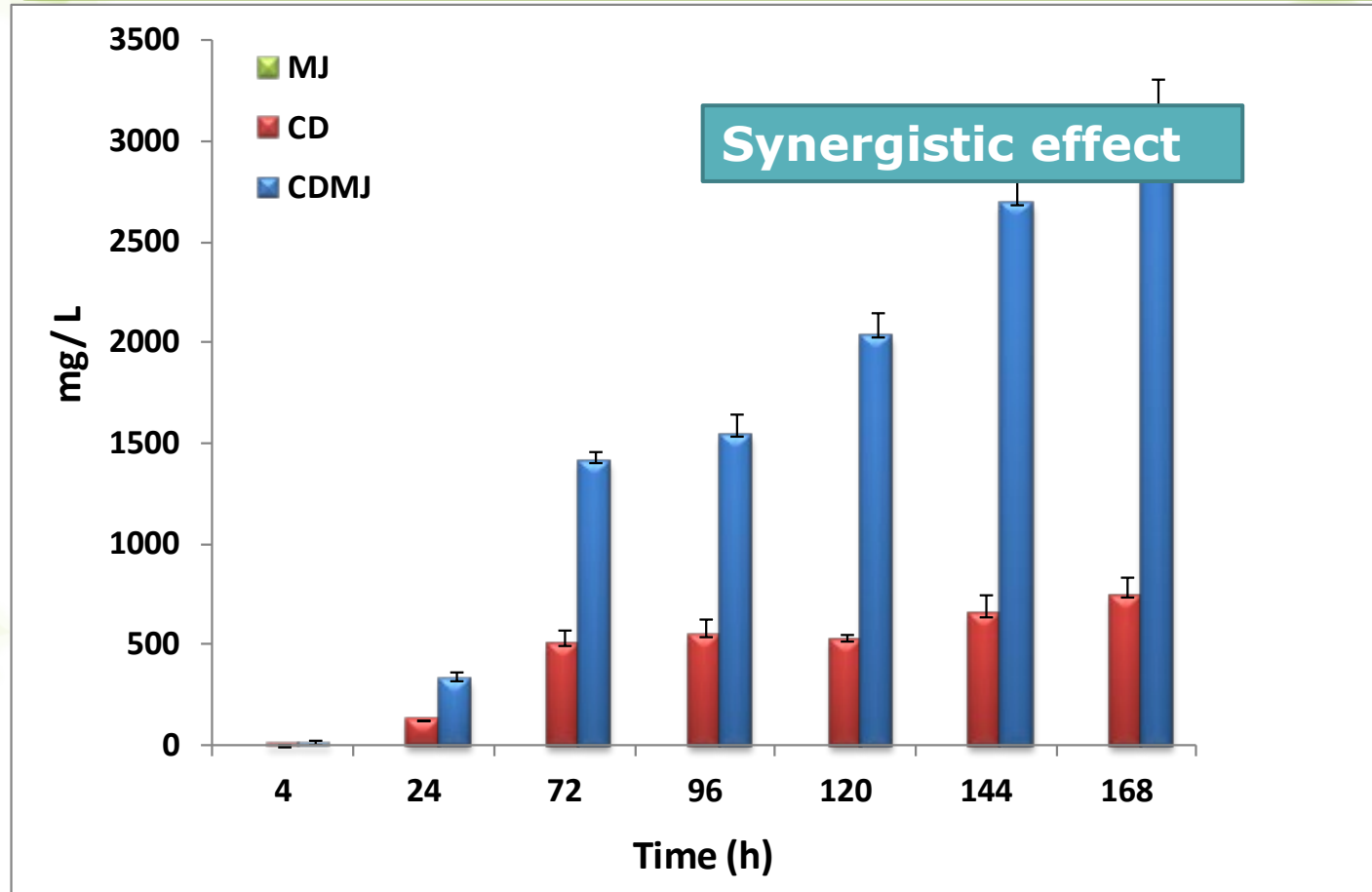
- Hydrophilic surface and hydrophobic central cavity able to trap apolar compounds

- Inclusion complexes 1:1 type

(Morales et al., 1998; Plant Cell Tissue Organ Cult. 53:179)



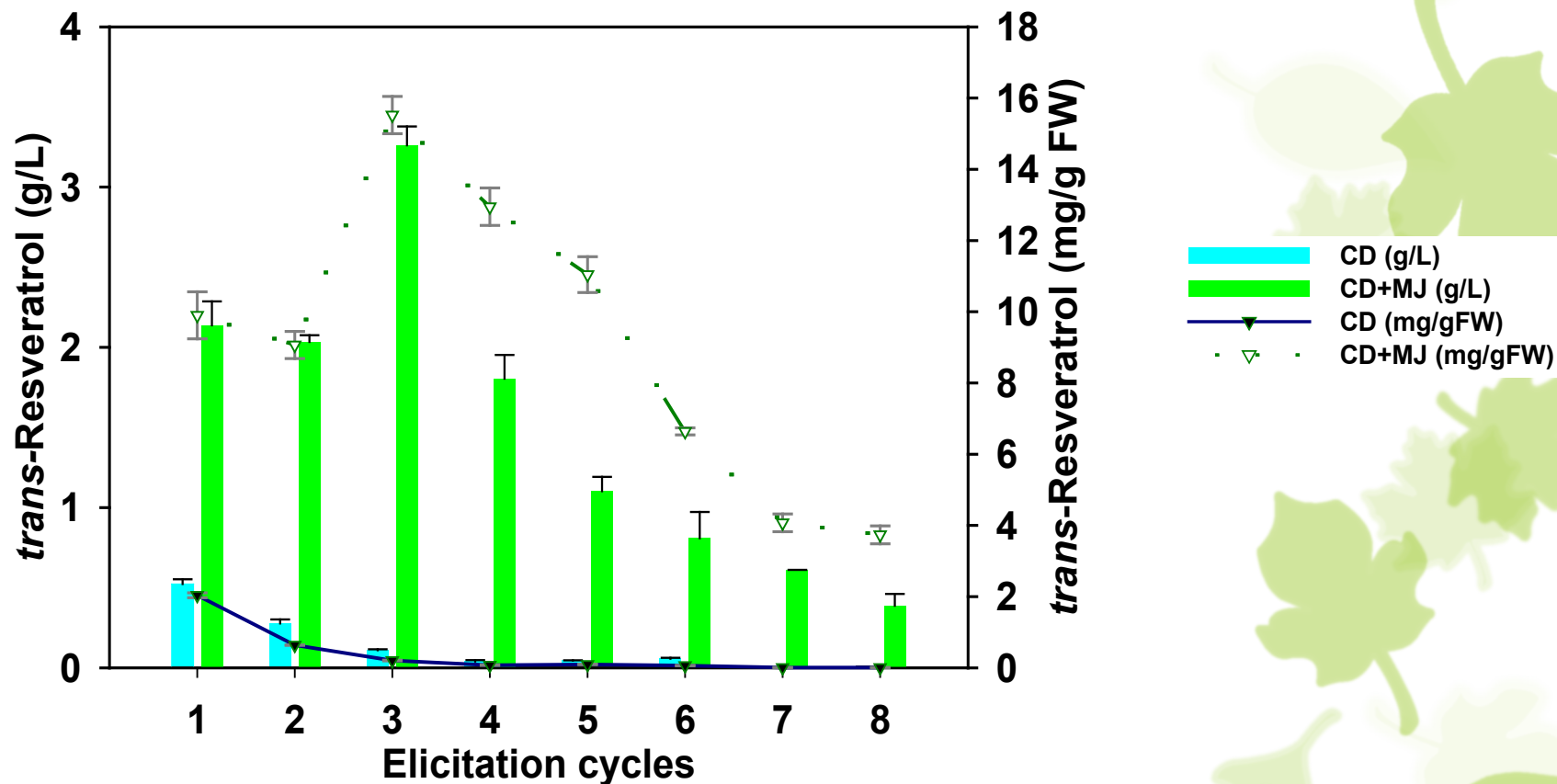
EXTRACELLULAR RESVERATROL PRODUCTION IN THE PRESENCE OF CDs AND/OR MJ



Resveratrol production is dependent on elicitation time. The joint action of CDs and MJ provokes a synergistic effect on resveratrol production (Lijavetzky, D., 2008. BMC Research Notes, 1: 132)

Almagro et al., 2013. In: Ramawat KG, Merillon JM (eds) Natural products: Handbook of natural products, Springer ISBN 978-3-642-22144-6

ELICITATION CYCLES



Variation of *trans*-resveratrol production through eight continuous elicitation cycles (96 hours each cycle).

SCALING-UP



Vitis vinifera cv
Gamay cell cultures



Bioreactors 2 L

Bioreactors 20 L



We are able to perform the scaling-up from flasks 1-2 L to commercial bioreactors 2-20 L

COMPARISON BETWEEN COMMERCIAL AND CUSTOMIZED BIOREACTORS



BAL



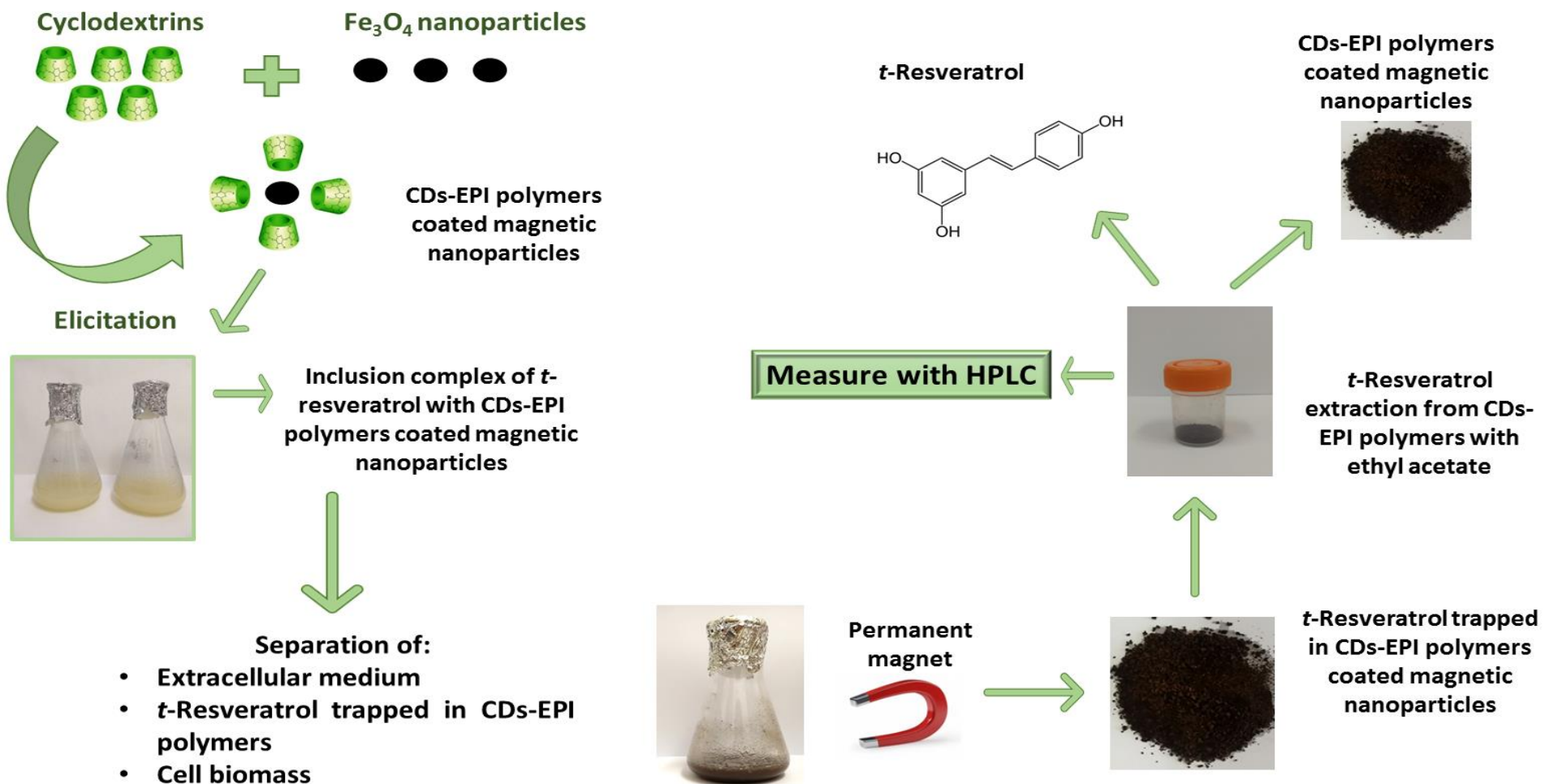
BTAA

<i>trans</i> -R production (mg/gFW)	Flasks 2 L	BTAA (Biostat B)	BAL (customized)
CD	1.5 ± 0.3 (100%)	1.3 (86.6%)	0.9 (60%)
CD+MeJa	2.8 ± 0.4 (100%)	11.7 (417%)	14.3 (510%)

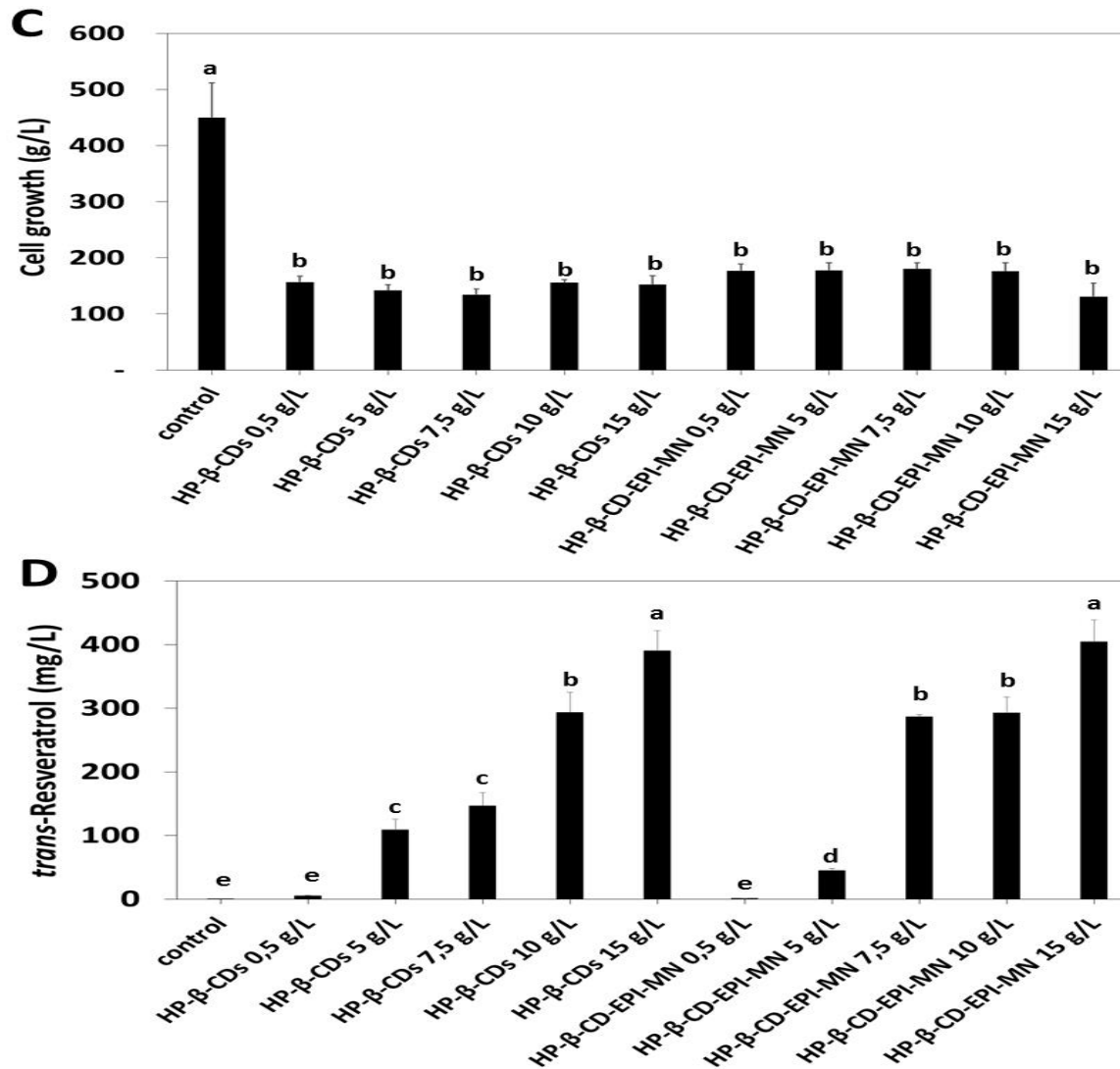


Method to recover cyclodextrins by designing nanosorbents:

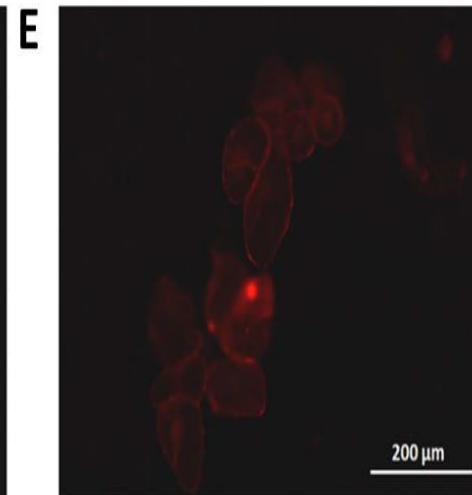
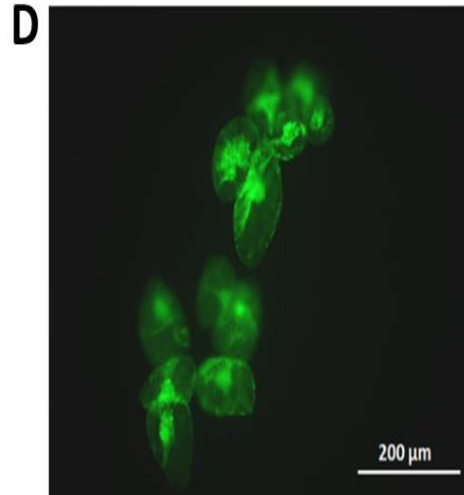
Use of magnetic particles functionalized with cyclodextrins to form cyclodextrin/Fe₃O₄ nanocomposites



Effect of different concentrations of hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin (HP- β -CD-EPI-MN) polymer in combination with 100 μ M methyl jasmonate (MJ) on both cell growth (C) and *t*-resveratrol production (D) of *Vitis vinifera* suspension-cultured cells treated for 144 h.



Cell viability assessed with fluorescein diacetate and propidium iodide



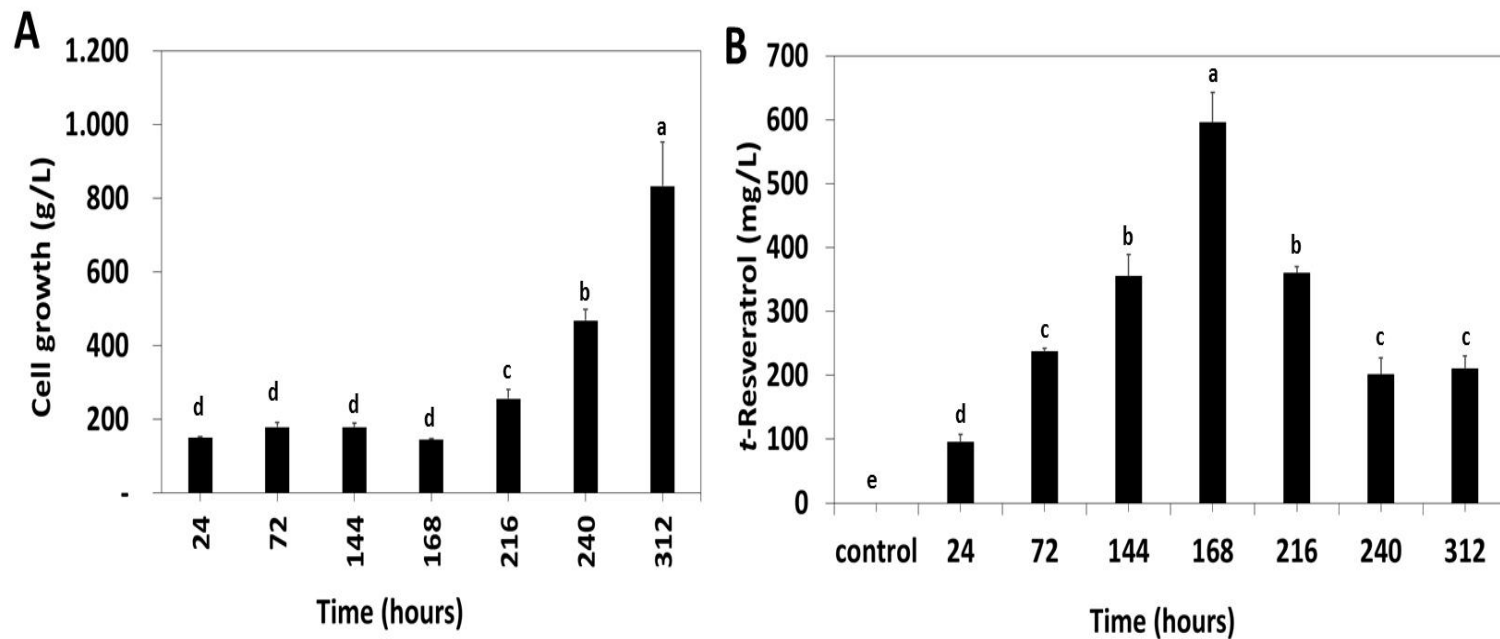
A. Cell growth observed in a flask containing *V. vinifera* suspension-cultured cells treated with 15 g/L hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin + methyl jasmonate.

D. *Vitis vinifera* cells elicited with 15 g/L hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin + 100 μ M methyl jasmonate treated with fluorescein diacetate.

E. *Vitis vinifera* cells elicited with 15 g/L hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin + 100 μ M methyl jasmonate treated with propidium iodide.

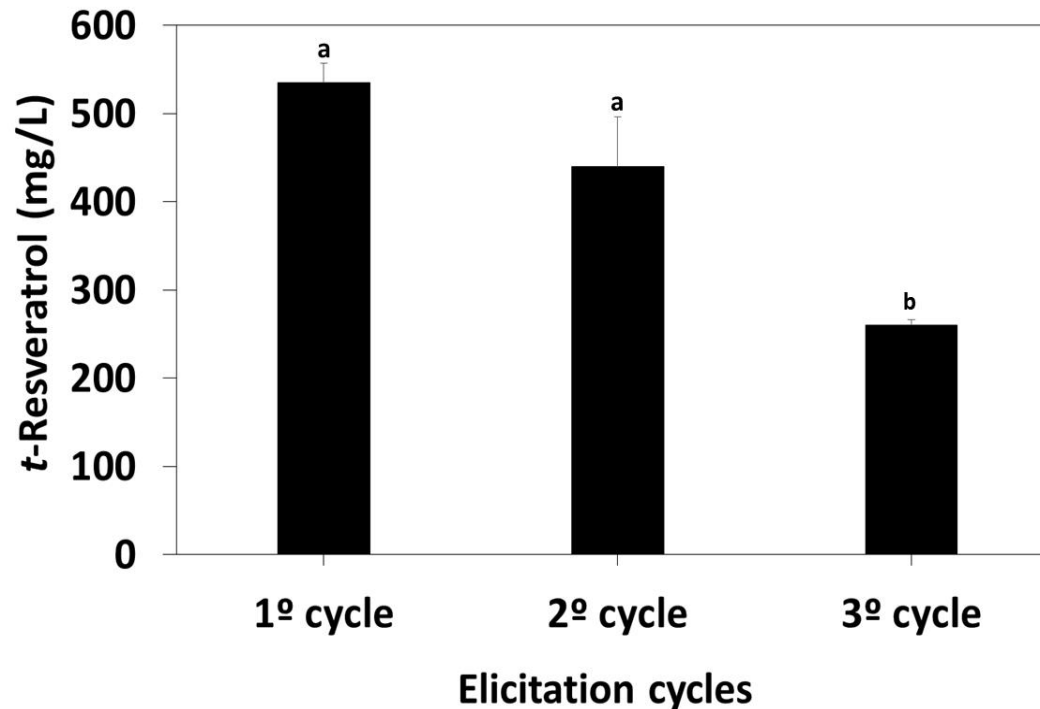
All images were taken at 144 h of treatment.

Effect of elicitation time on both cell growth (A) and *t*-resveratrol production (B) in *V. vinifera* suspension-cultured cells treated with 15 g/L hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin (HP- β -CD-EPI-MN) polymer in combination with 100 μ M methyl jasmonate (MJ)



Almagro et al., 2020. A Smart Strategy to Improve *t*-Resveratrol Production in Grapevine Cells Treated with Cyclodextrin Polymers Coated with Magnetic Nanoparticles. (2020). *Polymers*, 12, 991 DOI:10.3390/polym12040991

Reuse of hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin polymer during three elicitation cycles (168 h each) with methyl jasmonate



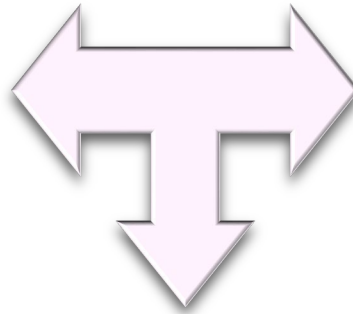
t-Resveratrol production through three continuous elicitation cycles (168 h each) using the same hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin polymer but changing grapevine cells which, in turn, were elicited with the recovered hydroxypropyl- β -cyclodextrins-epichlorohydrin polymer in combination with 100 μ M methyl jasmonate.

Almagro et al., 2020. A Smart Strategy to Improve *t*-Resveratrol Production in Grapevine Cells Treated with Cyclodextrin Polymers Coated with Magnetic Nanoparticles. (2020). *Polymers*, 12, 991
DOI:10.3390/polym12040991

Case study: The production of phytosterols in elicited cell cultures: patent WO 2010049563 A1

Elicitation with cyclodextrins (CDs)

Plant cell cultures



CDs

Phytosterols: β -sitosterol, campesterol, fucosterol, stigmasterol

BENEFICIAL EFFECTS OF COMPOUNDS PRODUCED BY CARROTS ON HUMAN HEALTH

Daucus carota



CAROTENOIDS

β -carotene
(provitamin A)

Antioxidants

α -TOCOPHEROL

Vitamin E

PHYTOSTEROLS

Cholesterol-lowering
Antitumoral effect
Anti-inflammatory
Anti-oxidative

EXTRACTION FROM BANANA FRUIT
(5 Kg)

A novel fruit drink

AMC GROUP

0.5 mg phytosterols/g DW

Phytosterols mixed with dairy fat



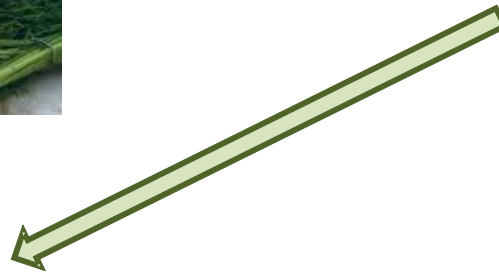
USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS TO ENHANCE PHYTOESTEROL PRODUCTION USING CARROT CELL CULTURES



Roots



Explants



Callus



Cell cultures



SENSIA CAROTA^{PRCF}
A PRO-TOLERANCE relief for sensitive skin

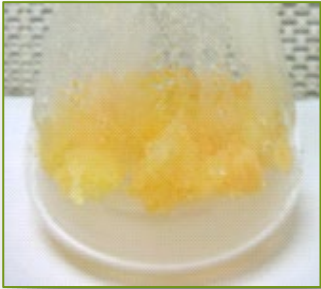


Phytosterols

8 mg total phytosterols/ g DW
Productivity 13 mg/L day

Patent n°
WO 2010049563 A1

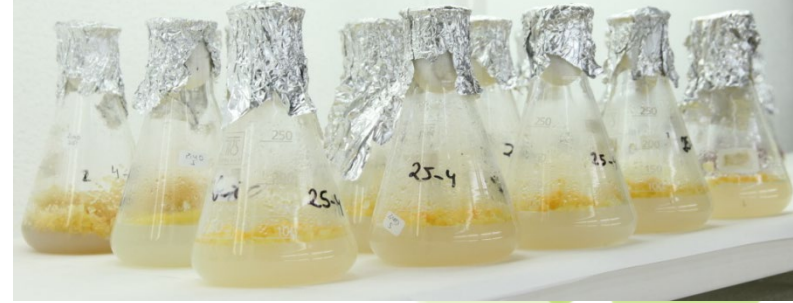
CARROT CELL BIOMASS GENERATION



Subcultures each 20 days
(in solid medium)



Exponential biomass production from calli



Production of non-elicited cells:

729 gFW/m²day

Production of elicited cells:

444 gFW/m²day

Subcultures each 9 days
(in liquid medium)



Carrot cell cultures (in liquid medium)



Exponential biomass production from cell suspensions

EXTRACTION AND PURIFICATION OF PHYTOSTEROLS FROM CARROT ELICITED CULTURE MEDIUM



Filtration



Elicited culture medium

Extraction from the medium and vacuum evaporation



Dried cells enriched in carotenoids



Phytosterols >92% purity

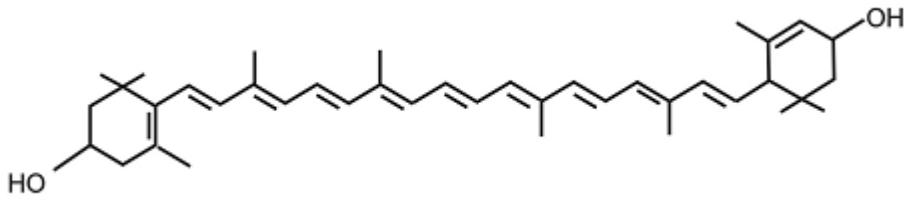


Phytosterol purification

Purification

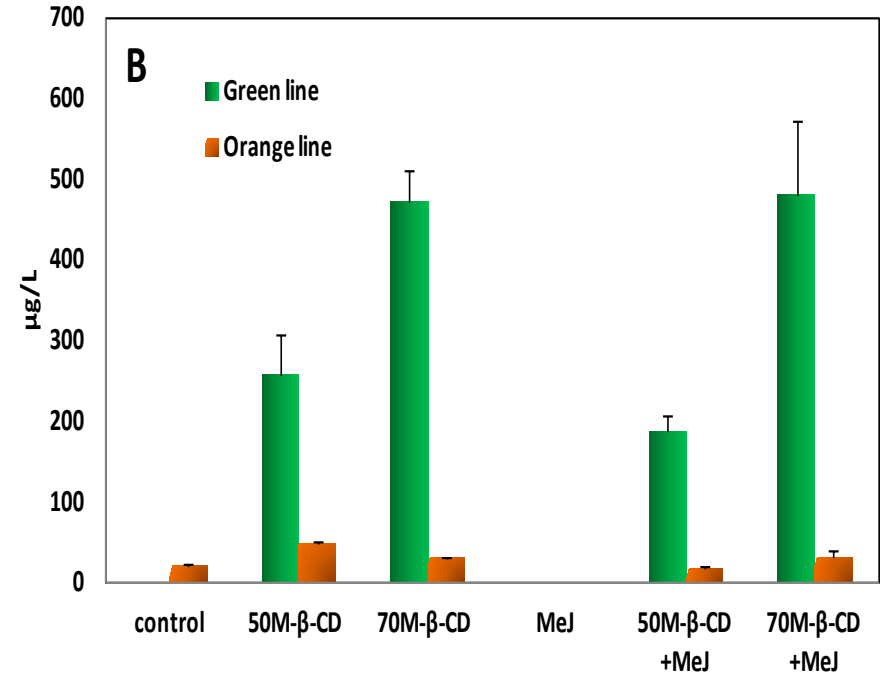
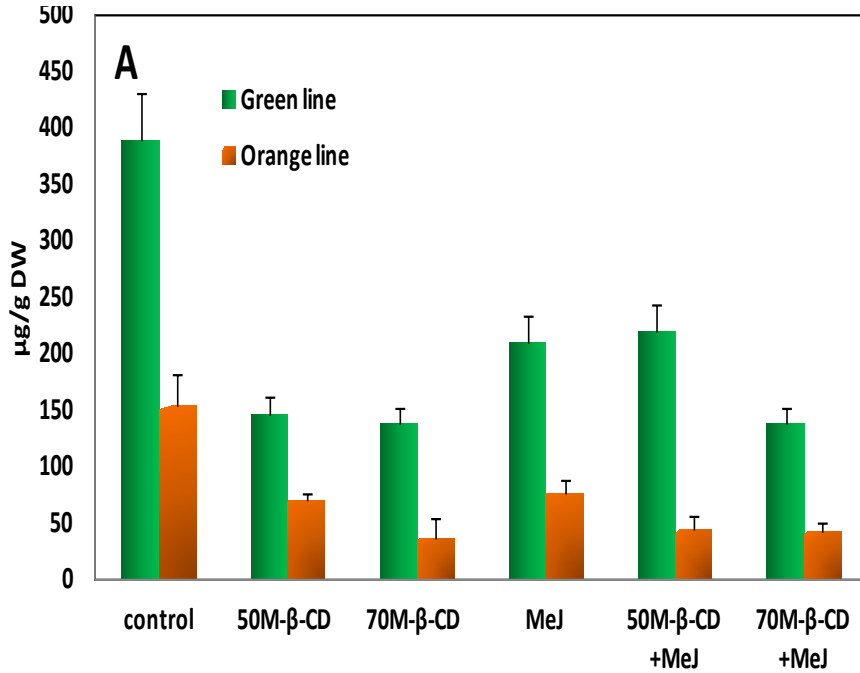


Dry extract enriched in phytosterols

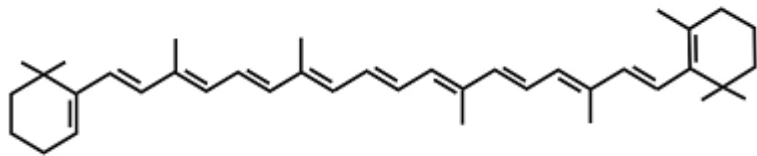


Luteína

LUTEIN

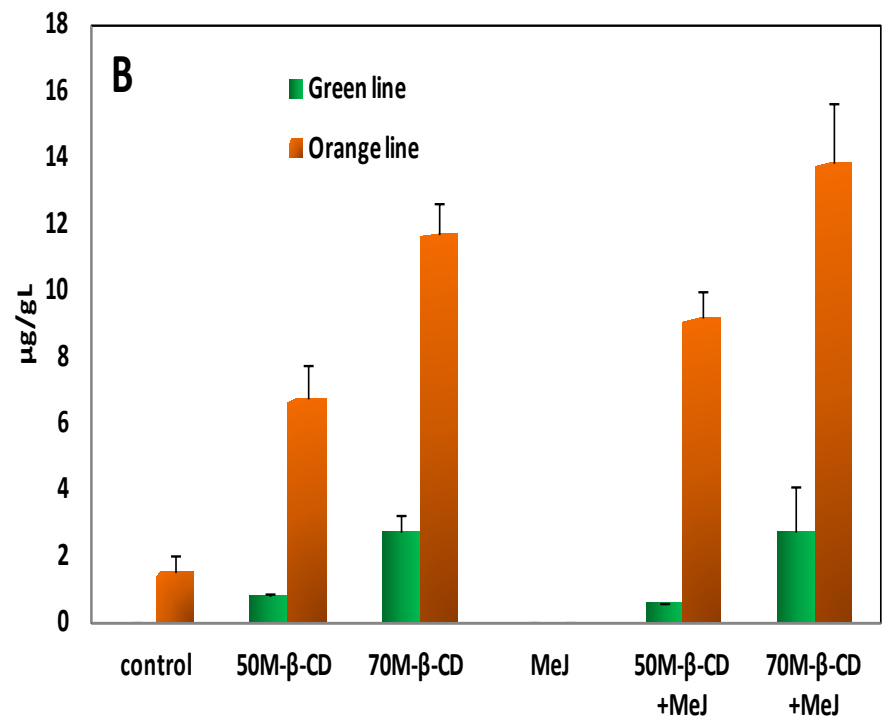
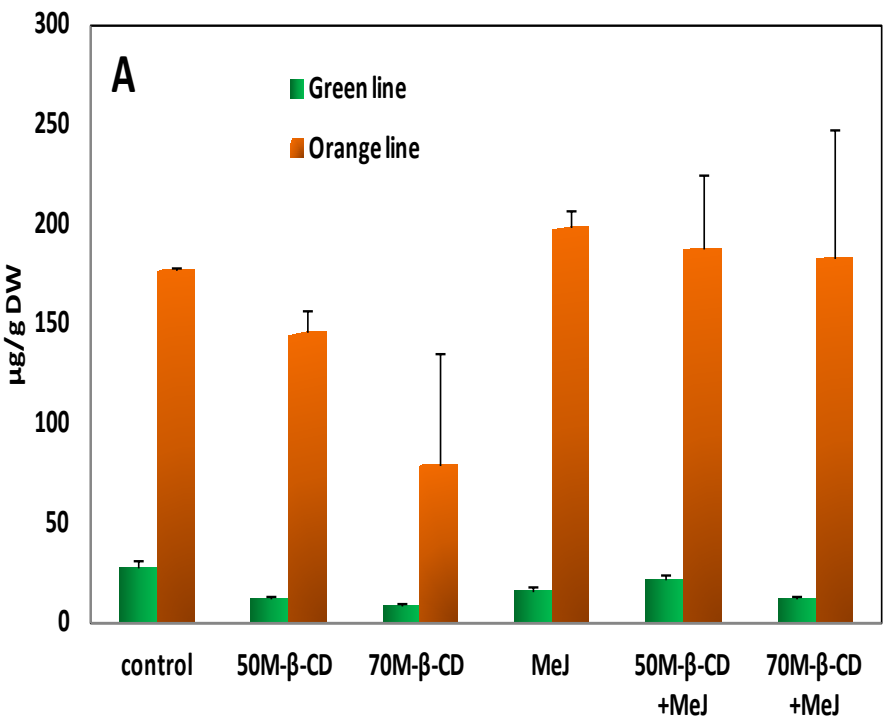


Accumulation intra- (A) and extracellular (B) of lutein in orange and green carrot cell lines elicited with CD alone or in combination with MeJ

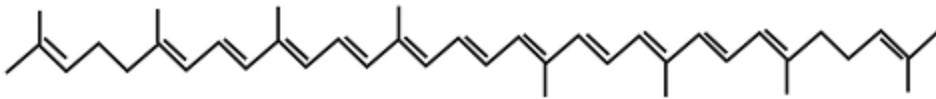


β-caroteno

β-CAROTENE

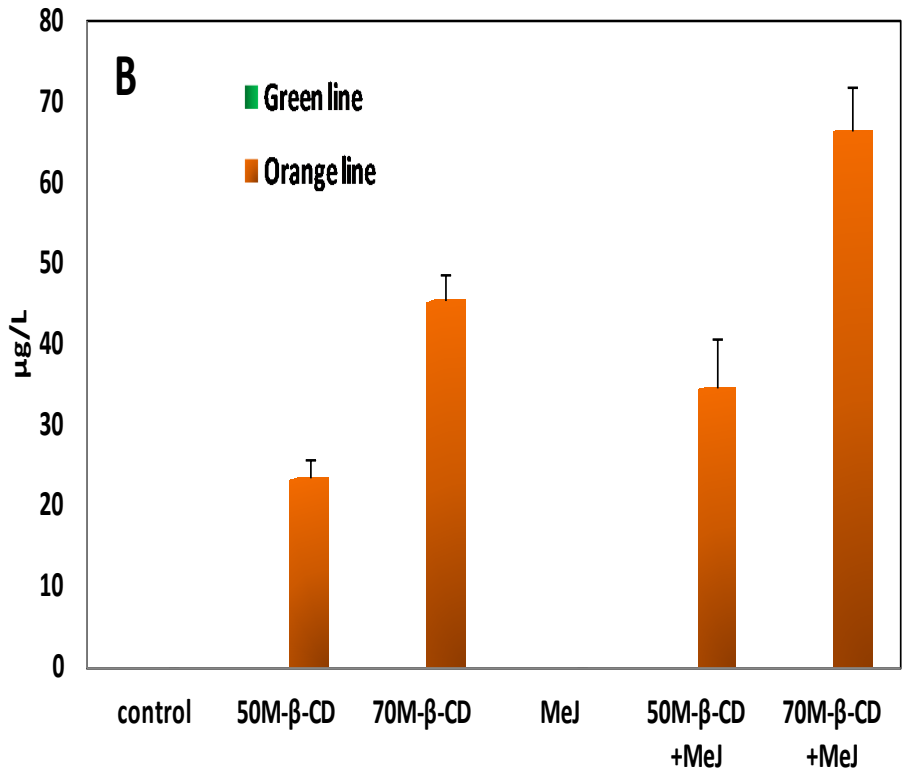
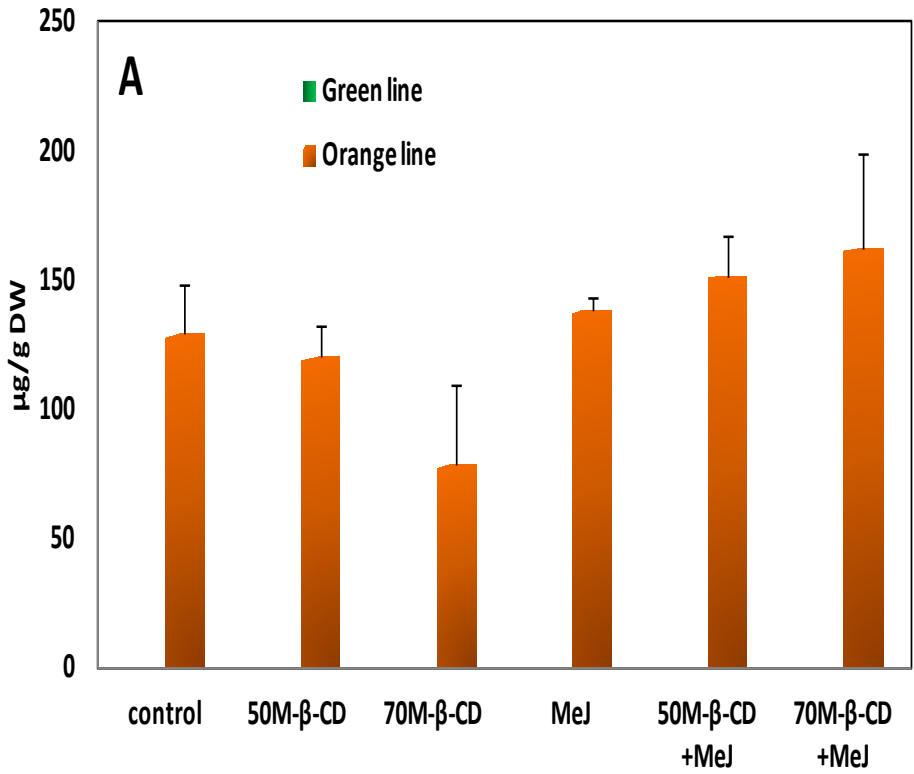


Accumulation intra- (A) and extracellular (B) of β-carotene in orange and green carrot cell lines elicited with CD alone or in combination with MeJ.



Licopeno

LYCOPENE

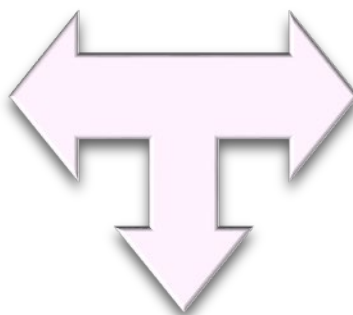


Accumulation intra- (A) and extracellular (B) of lycopene in orange and green carrot cell lines elicited with CD alone or in combination with MeJ.

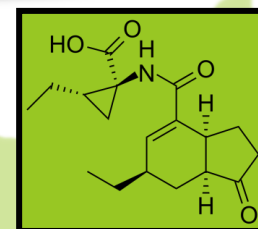
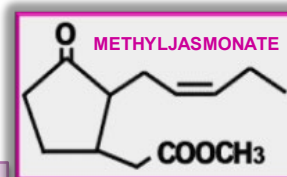
Case study: The production of glucosinolates in elicited broccoli cell cultures: patent ES 2694706 A1

Elicitation with methyl jasmonate or coronatine

broccoli cell cultures



MJ or coronatine



Glucosinolates:

glucobrassicin, 4-methoxy-glucobrassicin, 4-hydroxy-glucobrassicin, neoglucobrassicin

Intracellular signaling pathways similar to methyl jasmonate



STILBENES

TAXANES

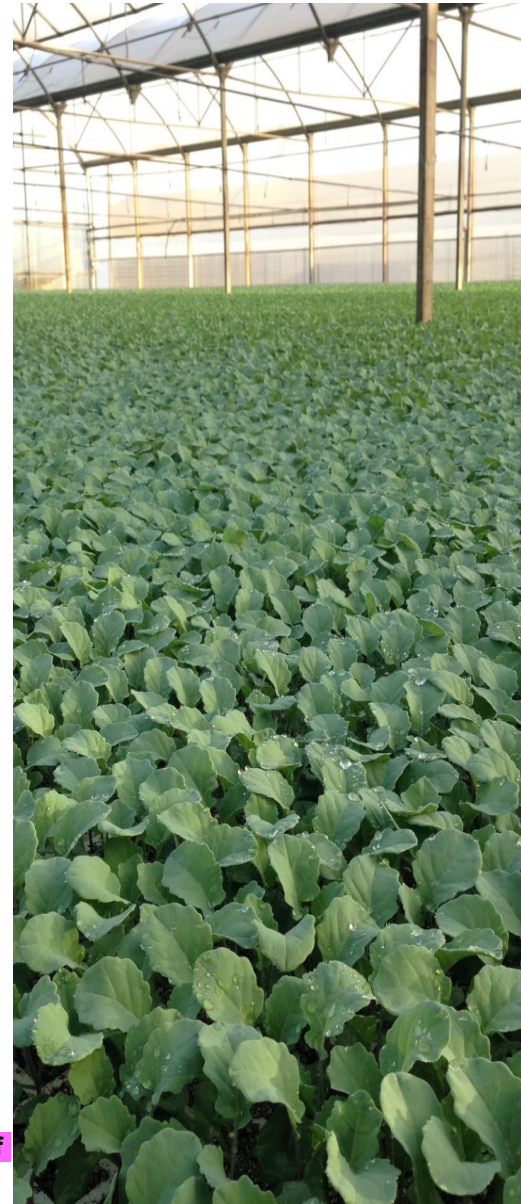
Almagro et al. 2015. Plant Physiology and Biochemistry
DOI:10.1016/j.plaphy.2015.10.025;

Ramírez-Estrada et al. 2016. Molecules DOI:10.3390/molecules21020182

Brassicaceae family (Cruciferous)

↳ Broccoli (*Brassica oleracea* L. var. *italica*)

- Vitamin C
- Calcium
- Magnesium
- Carotenoids
- Proteins
- Fiber
- **Phenolic Compounds**
- **Glucosinolates**



BROCCOLI CELL CULTURES AS BIOFACTORIES TO ENHANCE THE PRODUCTION OF GLUCOSINOLATES

in vitro germination



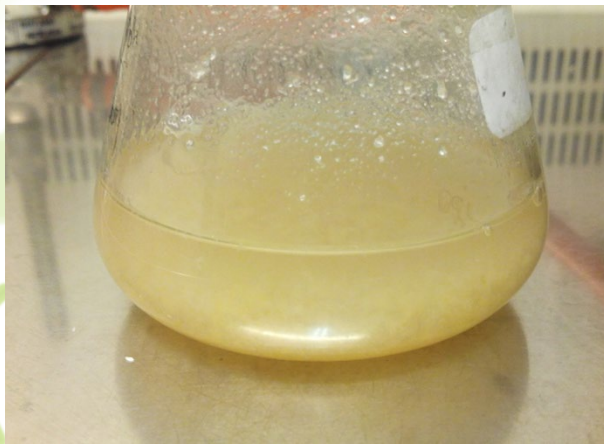
callus induction



optimization of callus growth



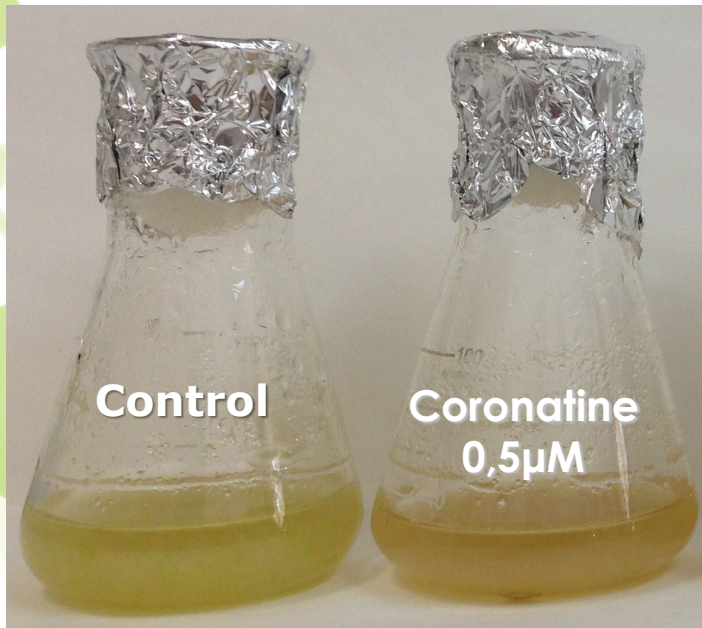
Cell cultures



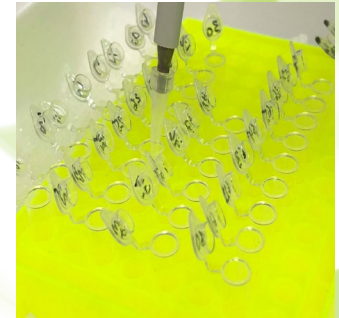
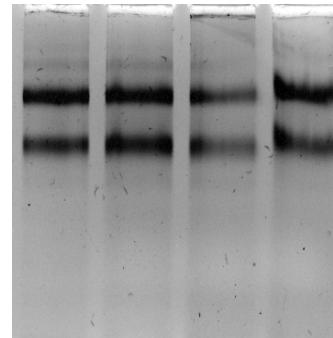
friable callus



Elicitation



ARN

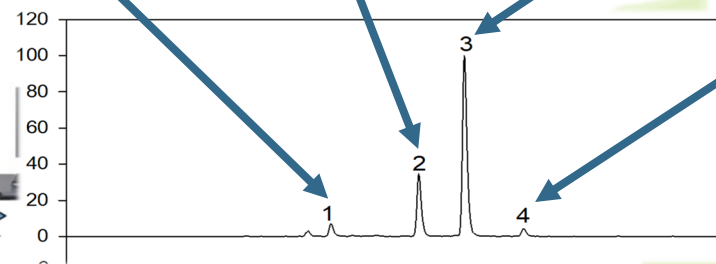


ARN isolation, ADnc synthesis
and qPCR real time

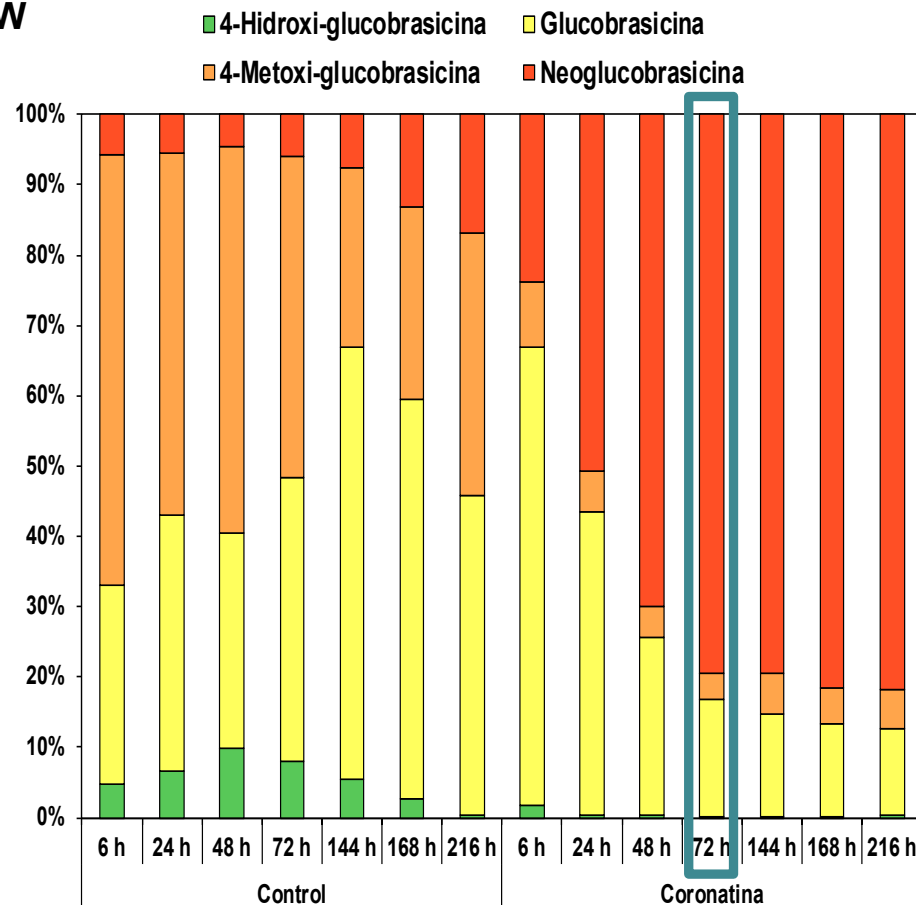
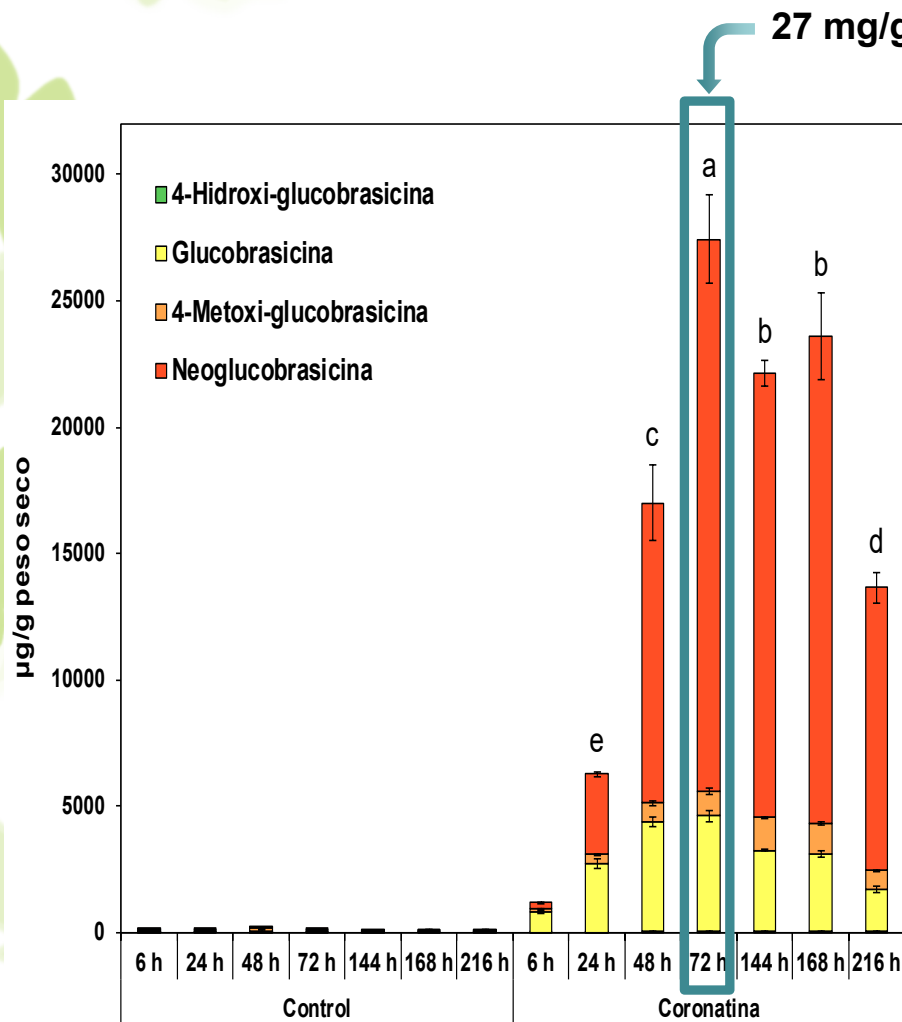
Extraction, identification and
quantification of glucosinolates

glucobrassicin 4-methoxy-glucobrassicin

4-hydroxy-glucobrassicin neoglucobrassicin



Production of glucosinolates in exponential phase: 7 day-old broccoli cell cultures



Neoglucobrassicin: 79,52%
Glucobrassicin: 16,73%
4-methoxy-glucobrassicin: 3,62%
4-hydroxy-glucobrassicin: 0,13%

USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS AND/OR METHYL JASMONATE TO ENHANCE METABOLITE CONTENT USING PEPPER CELL CULTURES OBTAINED FROM FRUITS

Family: Solanaceae

Genus and specie: *Capsicum annuum*

Name: pepper



Sesquiterpenes:

aromadendrane 2353 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$ and solavetivone 1094 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$

Phytosterols:

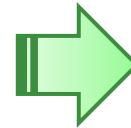
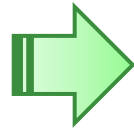
β -sitosterol 47 mg/L (1942 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$), campesterol 8 mg/L (700 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$)

USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS AND/OR METHYL JASMONATE TO ENHANCE METABOLITES CONTENT USING TOMATO CELL CULTURES FROM FRUITS

Family: Solanaceae

Genus and specie: *Solanum lycopersicum*

Name: tomato



Triterpene:

Taraxasterol: 220 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$ (6.2 mg/L)

Phytosterols:

β -sitosterol: 25 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$ (0.6 mg/L) Isofucosterol 30 $\mu\text{g/gDW}$ (0.7 mg/L)

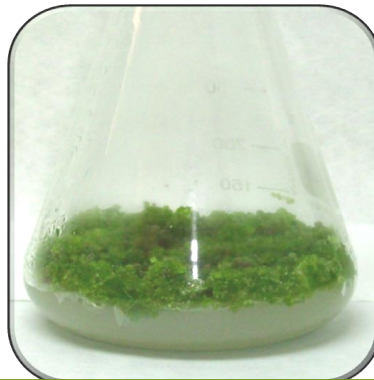
Briceño et al., 2012. Enhancement of phytosterols, taraxasterol and induction of extracellular pathogenesis-related proteins in cell cultures of *Solanum lycopersicum* cv Micro-Tom elicited with cyclodextrins and methyl jasmonate. *Journal of Plant Physiology*. 169: 1050–1058

Taxonomy:

- **Genus:** *Daucus*
- **Specie:** *D. carota*

Metabolitos secundarios:
eugenol, isoeugenol, vanillina, 6-metoximeleina y derivados del ácido benzoico.

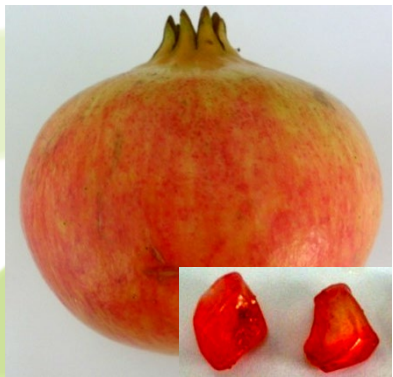
Fitoesteroles (110 mg/L): β -sitosterol, campesterol, estigmasterol y fucosterol



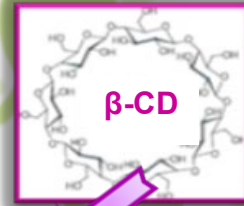
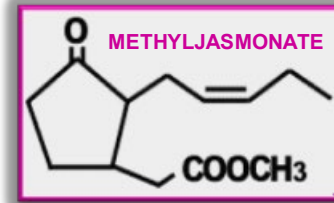
GREEN CARROT CELLS



USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS AND METHYL JASMONATE TO ENHANCE THE PRODUCTION OF METABOLITES USING *Punica granatum* CELL CULTURES



AMC GROUP



Explants



vytrus biotech



SENSIA CAROTA^{PRCF}

A PRO-TOLERANCE relief for sensitive skin

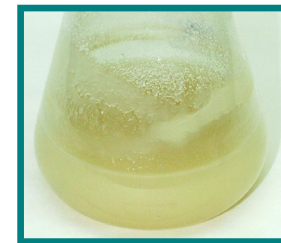
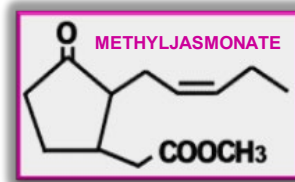
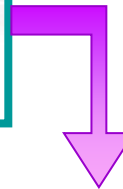
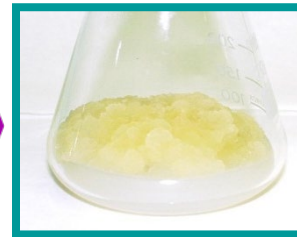


LUMINIA GRANATUM^{PRCF}

A synergistic WHITENING approach

Punicalagin
Ellagic acid
Pelargonidin
Quercetin
Kaempferol
Luteolin

USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS AND METHYL JASMONATE TO INCREASE INDOLE ALKALOIDS USING *Catharanthus roseus* CELL CULTURES OBTAINED FROM VITROPLANTS



Indole alkaloids



Spanish Patent
P200802437

Ajmalicine and catharanthine
(900 mg/L y 150 mg/L)

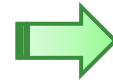
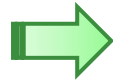
Other alkaloids: tabersonine,
lochnericine and serpentine

USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS AND/OR METHYL JASMONATE TO ENHANCE METABOLITE CONTENT USING *Ginkgo biloba* CELL CULTURES

Family: Ginkgoaceae

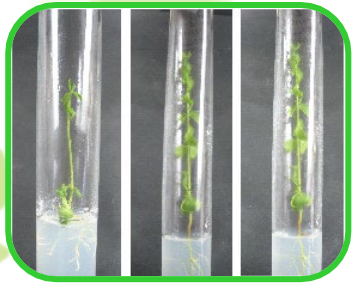
Genus and specie: *Ginkgo biloba*

Name: Ginkgo



Metabolites :
ginkgolides and bilobalides
kaempherol and catechin (flavonoids)

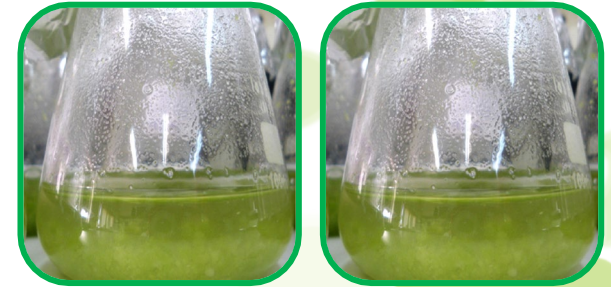
USE OF CYCLODEXTRINS ENHANCE METABOLITE CONTENT USING LINEN CELL CULTURES OBTAINED FROM SEEDS



Vitroplants



Callus



Elicited linen cell cultures



Tocopherols identified and quantified

FITOACTIVA

13.2 mg total phytosterols/ L:
β-sitosterol: 5 mg/L
Fucosterol: 0.2 mg/L
Campesterol: 7 mg/L
Stigmasterol: 1 mg/L

58 µg total phytosterols/ g FW

Family: Linaceae

Genus and specie: *Linum usitatissimum*

Name: linen

Plant in vitro cultures as biofactories

UNIVERSIDAD DE
MURCIA



Dr. Maria A. Pedreño: mpedreno@um.es

We offer our technology (elicitation and metabolic engineering) for the production of bioactive compounds with pharmaceutical, nutraceutical and cosmetic purposes, and the production of plant biomass (plant micropropagation: vitroplants, and establishment and maintenance of cell cultures).

We offer our knowledge for the extraction, identification and quantification of plant extracts by different methodologies.



FACULTAD DE BIOLOGÍA



Centro para el Desarrollo
Tecnológico Industrial



Viveros Bermejo

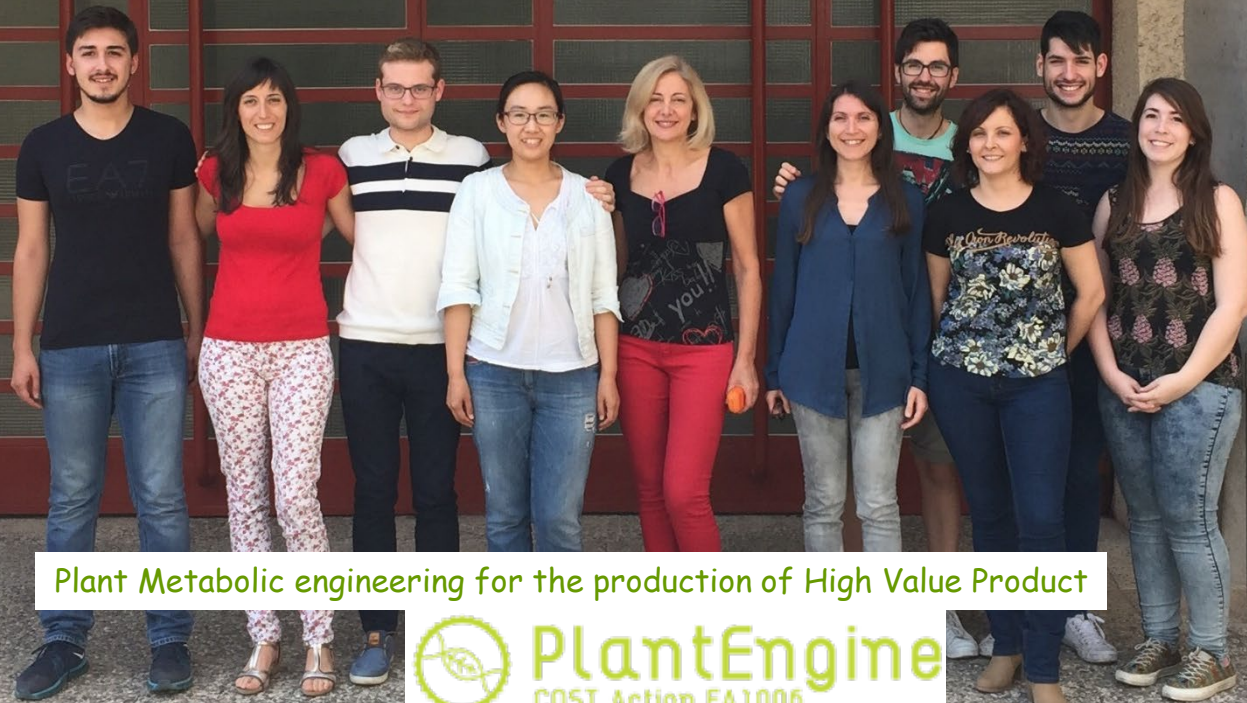


AGROMÉTODOS, S. A.



ENTRADA

ENTRADA



Plant Metabolic engineering for the production of High Value Product

